

GRAMATIKA:

Past Simple a Past Continuous = Minulý čas jednoduchý a priebehový.

Past Continuous - priebehový minulý čas	Past Simple – Jednoduchý minulý čas
<p>Kedy používame → prebiehajúca činnosť</p> <p>Tvorba:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> was / were + sloveso + -ing I / he / she / it → was we / you / they → were 	<p>Kedy používame → jednorázové udalosti v minulosti</p> <p>Tvorba</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pravidelné slovesá: sloveso + -ed → I played, she watched Nepravidelné slovesá: špeciálne tvary → see → saw, go → went
<p>She was sitting in a café when I called her.</p> <p>My parents weren't sleeping when I got home.</p> <p>We were having a barbecue when it started to rain.</p> <p>Was it raining when you got up this morning?</p>	<p>When she saw the spider, she ran out of the room.</p> <p>I had an accident when I was cycling home last night.</p> <p>My dad fell asleep when he was watching the film.</p> <p>He broke his arm when he was playing rugby.</p>

Present Perfect – Predprítomný čas

<p>Kedy používame → skúsenosti („ever / never“), nedávne udalosti („just“), akcie, ktoré sa stali v minulosti, ale majú spojenie s prítomnosťou</p>	<p>Príklady:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Joe has just bought a new bike. – Joe si práve kúpil nový bicykel. Have you ever seen a wild tiger? – Videl si niekedy divého tigra? Where have you been recently? – Kde si bol/a nedávno? It hasn't rained recently. – Nedávno nepršalo. I have just had lunch. – Práve som obedoval/a. Have they seen William recently? – Videli Williama nedávno? Have you ever fallen out of bed? – Spadol/a si niekedy z postele?
<p>Kľúčové slová:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> just – práve already – už yet – ešte (v zápornej alebo otázkovej vete) ever – niekedy never – nikdy 	
<p>Tvorba</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> kladná veta: have / has + 3. tvar slovesa (past participle) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> I/You/We/They → have He/She/It → has zápor: have / has + not + past participle otázka: Have / Has + podmet + past participle? 	

For a Since

For - po dobu

Since – od

Príklady:

- My brother has lived in London **for** a long time. – Môj brat býva v Londýne **dlhú dobu**.
- I have studied English **for** five years. – Angličtinu študujem **päť rokov**.
- We have been here **since** Saturday. – Sme tu **od soboty**.
- Julian has known Tim **since** August. – Julian pozná Tima **od augusta**.
- They have been on the bus **for** an hour. – Sú v autobuse **jednu hodinu**.
- I haven't bought any CDs **for** six months. – Nekúpil som žiadne CD **šesť mesiacov**.
- We have been at this school **since** 2018. – Sme v tejto škole **od roku 2018**.

So / Neither responses - Krátky súhlas

Súhlas s kladnou vetou: So + pomocné sloveso + podmet (kto/čo)

- Príklady:
 - I love chocolate. → **So do I.** – Aj ja.
 - I will go shopping on Saturday. → **So will I.** – Aj ja pôjdem.
 - Olivia is a good chess player. → **So is her brother.** – Aj jej brat je dobrý.

Súhlas s negatívnou vetou: Neither + pomocné sloveso + podmet (kto/čo)

- Príklady:
 - I can't speak Spanish. → **Neither can I.** – Ani ja nemôžem.
 - I didn't go to drama club last night. → **Neither did I.** – Ani ja som nešiel.
 - I don't eat much junk food. → **Neither do I.** – Ani ja nejem veľa nezdravého jedla.

SLOVÍČKA

<p><u>Protiklady</u> fast – slow young – old weak – strong loose – tight late – early light – heavy cheap – expensive short – long</p>	<p>Príklady: That horse isn't too fast. → That horse is too slow. Ten kôň nie je veľmi rýchly. → Ten kôň je príliš pomalý.</p> <p>This coffee isn't too weak. → This coffee is too strong. Táto káva nie je veľmi slabá. → Táto káva je príliš silná.</p> <p>These jeans aren't loose enough. → These jeans are too tight. Tieto rifle nie sú dosť voľné. → Tieto rifle sú príliš tesné.</p> <p>The film isn't too late for children. → The film is too early for children. Film nie je pre deti príliš neskoro. → Film je pre deti príliš skoro.</p>
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- pointed shoes – špicaté topánky
- striped shirt – pásikavá košeľa
- baggy jeans – voľné rifle
- long-sleeved jumper – sveter s dlhým rukávom
- flat shoes – baleríny / topánky s plochou podrážkou
- short-sleeved shirt – košeľa s krátkym rukávom
- plain jumper – jednofarebný sveter
- loose shirt – voľná košeľa
- gold ring – zlatý prsteň
- stone walls – kamenné múry
- polyester shirts – polyesterové košele

- iron bridge – železný most
- rubber gloves – gumové rukavice

1. Nohy / nohy a časti nôh

- thigh – stehno
- stomach – brucho
- calf – lýtko
- shin – holenná kosť

2. Tvár

- thumb – palec (ruka)
- chin – brada
- cheek – líce
- nose – nos

3. Telo

- stomach – brucho
- chest – hrud'
- back – chrbát
- hair – vlasy

4. Ruky a nohy

- toe – prst na nohe
- bottom – zadok

- finger – prst na ruke
- thumb – palec

5. Tvár / ústa / nohy

- lips – pery
- foot – noha
- teeth – zuby
- tongue – jazyk

6. Ruky

- finger – prst na ruke
- thumb – palec
- palm – dlaň
- neck – krk

7. Kĺby / ruky a nohy

- knee – koleno
- elbow – lakeť
- palm – dlaň
- ankle – členok

8. Hlavy a trup

- eyebrows – obočie
- chest – hrud'
- neck – krk
- throat – hrdlo